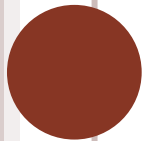


CORMAS

**Common-pool Resources and Multi-Agent
Simulations**



BIENVENIDOS

- Recursos naturales y agentes basados en simulaciones
- Desarrollado por la unidad de gestión de energías renovables y medio ambiente de CIRAD
- Es un conjunto de herramientas de informática que permite crear y ejecutar modelos



¿QUE ES?

- Ecólogos, sociólogos, etc. se organizan en torno a herramientas genéricas que facilitan la construcción de modelos para el seguimiento y análisis de ensayos de simulación
- La unidad de investigación Green, desde Cirad, está particularmente interesado en los modelos de gestión de recursos.
- Se orienta hacia la representación de las interacciones entre las personas que utilizan recursos renovables



INSTALACIÓN

Downloading Cormas

First step: Cormas users' charter

CORMAS is a free Open Source Software.

We encourage users to read and observe the following license:

CORMAS is licensed under the MIT License with parts under the Apache License.
Copyright © CIRAD - Green Research Unit, and Cormas Contributors Copyright © 1996-2014.

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Feel free to change CORMAS, but if so, it is best to post your comments and changes to the user community (through the Cormas forum).

Accept
Download



- La última versión comparado con la de 2013:
 - Distribuye el simulacro en varias máquinas
 - Envía simulacros anteriormente guardados
 - Crea archivos .exe para ejecutar en otras máquinas
 - Diseño de las figuras de los agentes más fácilmente



INSTALACIÓN

- http://cormas.cirad.fr/en/outil/download/install.htm?opt_accept=true&cmd_download=Download
- **VisualWorks**, entorno de programación orientado a objetos programado en Smalltalk
- Instalación simple (solo para Windows)
- Instalación completa de VW y CORMAS
 - VW7.6nc , Visual Work



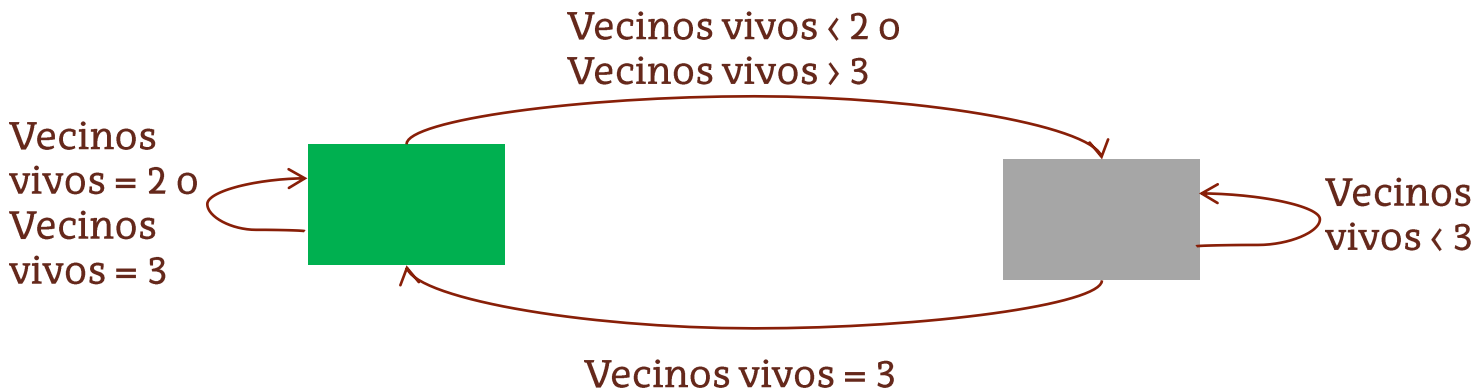
GAME OF LIFE

- John Conway 1970
- Un autómata celular
- Todo lo que se puede computar algorítmicamente se puede computar en el Juego de la Vida
- No necesita jugadores
- Cada célula tiene otras ocho a su alrededor y están vivas o muertas

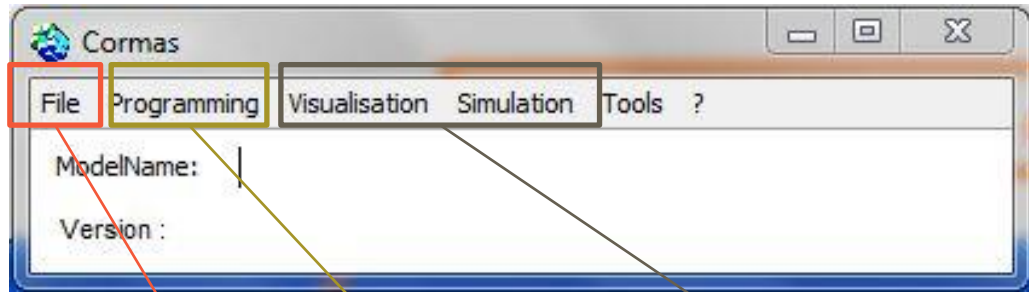


GAME OF LIFE

- Una célula muerta
 - 3 células vecinas vivas \Rightarrow vive
 - Menos que 3 células vivas \Rightarrow muere
- Una célula viva
 - Con 2 o 3 células vivas \Rightarrow vive
 - Menos que 2 o mas que 3 células vivas \Rightarrow muere



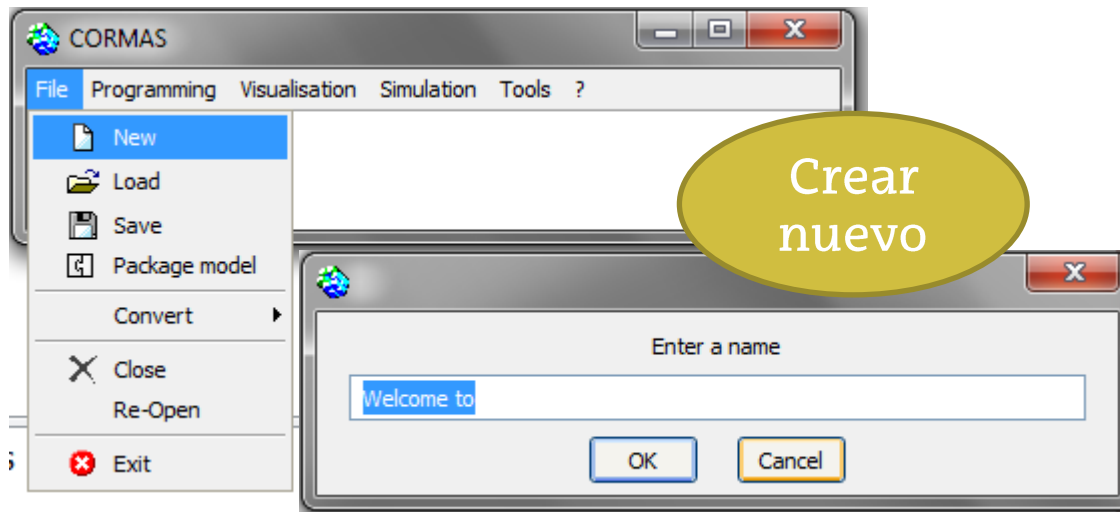
CORMAS



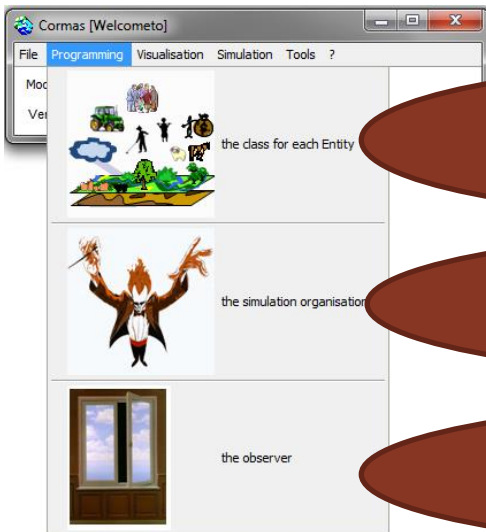
Crea, carga y guarda modelos

Diseña el modelo

Ponerlo en marcha



CORMAS



Implementar clases
desde diagramas UML

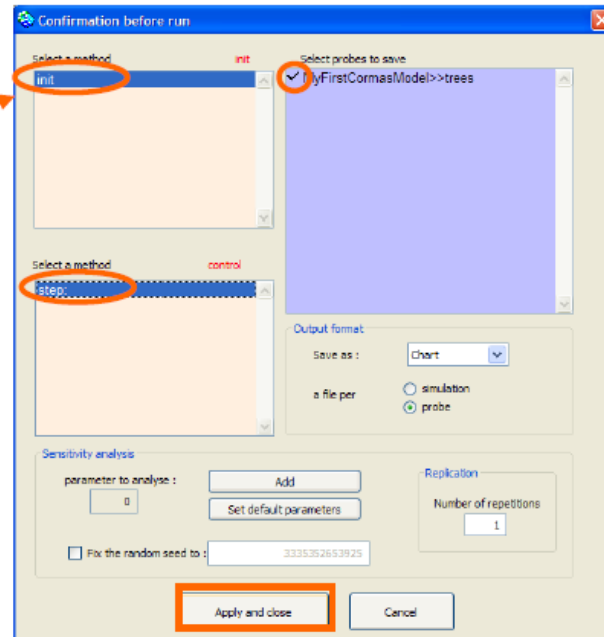
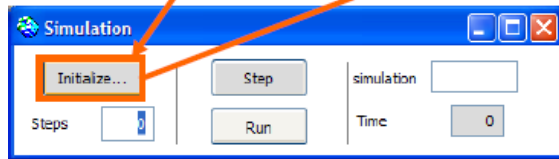
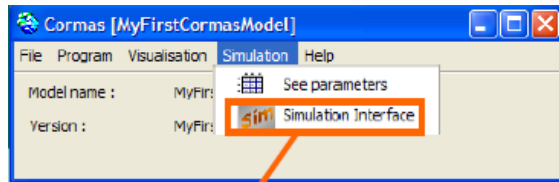
Escribe inicialización y
programación
de escenarios de simulación

Especifique medios
para visualizar escenarios de
simulación

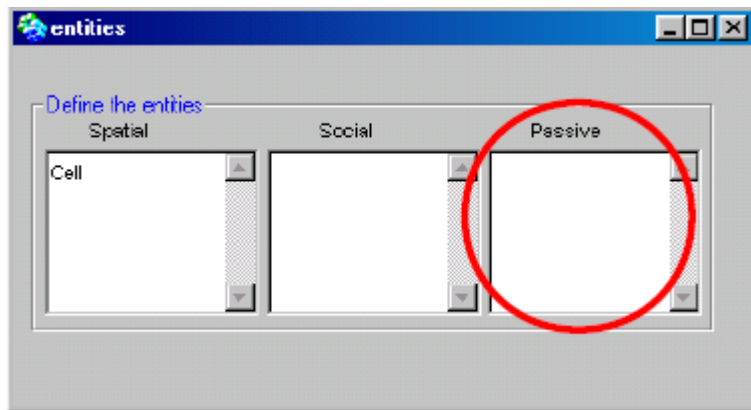
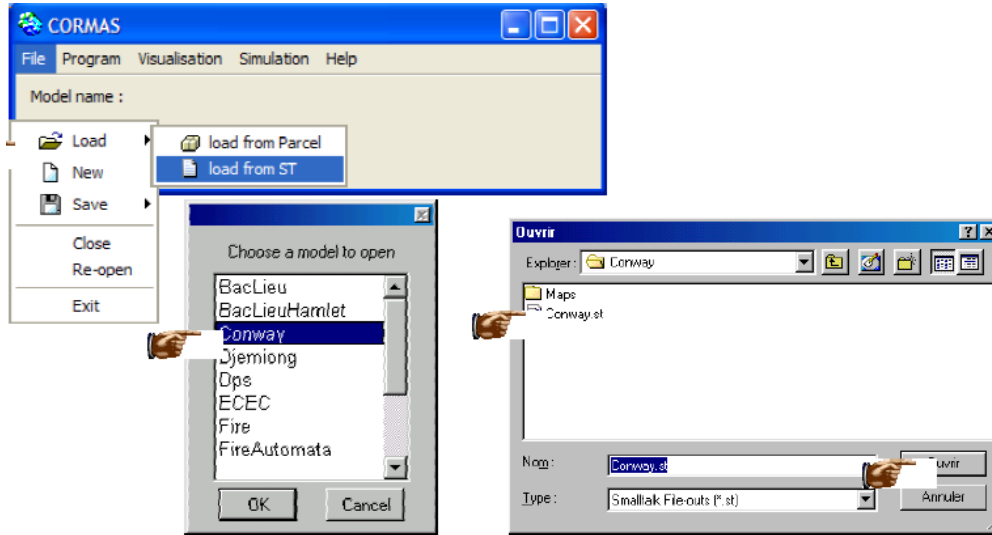


CORMAS

Ejecutar modelo



GAME OF LIFE EN CORMAS

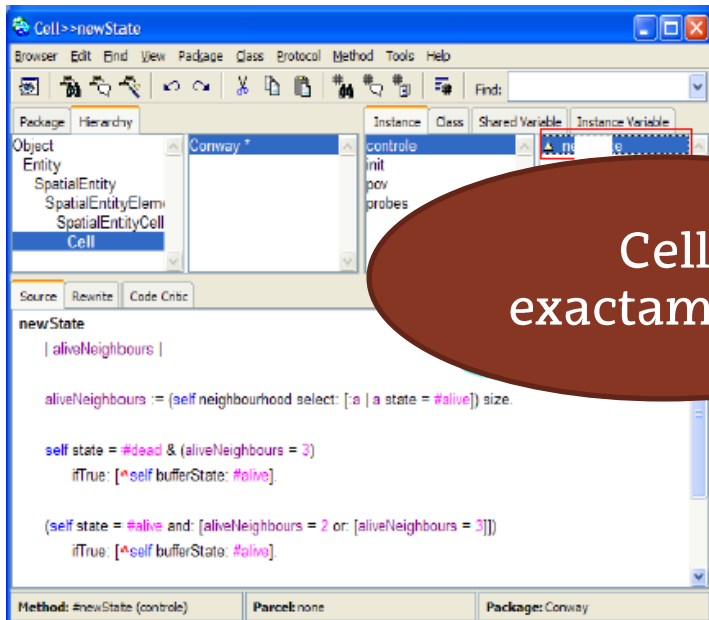


Tres tipos de entidades:

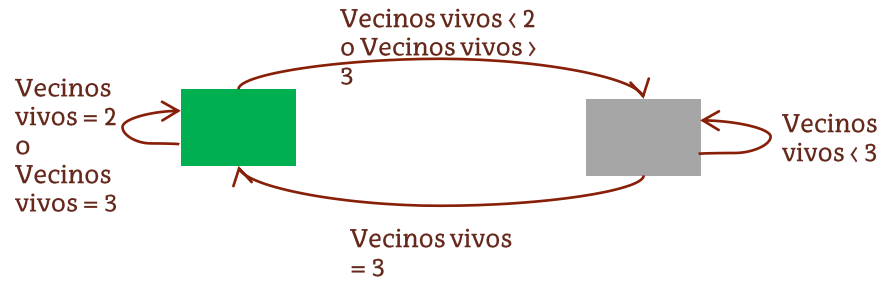
- Spatial: cualquier rango de espacio
- Social: Cualquier agente activo
- Cualquier otra entidad



GAME OF LIFE EN CORMAS



Cell
exactamente



newState

| aliveNeighbours |

aliveNeighbours := (self neighbourhood select: [:a | a state = #alive]) size.

self state = #dead & (aliveNeighbours = 3)

ifTrue: [^self bufferState: #alive].

(self state = #alive and: [aliveNeighbours = 2 or: [aliveNeighbours = 3]])

ifTrue: [^self bufferState: #alive].

^self bufferState: #dead



GAME OF LIFE EN CORMAS

The image illustrates the setup for a Game of Life simulation in the Cormas environment. It is divided into three numbered steps:

- 1**: The main Cormas window is shown with the 'Program' menu highlighted. The 'Model' pane displays a class diagram for the Conway's Game of Life simulation, showing classes like 'Agent', 'Group', 'Messages', and 'Observers'.
- 2**: The 'Simulation Organisation' pane is shown, displaying a tree structure of the simulation components, including 'the simulation organisation' and 'the observer'.
- 3**: The 'init' method is highlighted in the 'Simulation Organisation' pane, indicating the start of the simulation.

A large brown callout box with the text "Inicializar simulación" (Initialize simulation) points to the 'init' method in the simulation organization.

The bottom part of the image shows a detailed view of the 'Conway' class in the 'Conway >> init' window. The 'Method' list on the right includes 'init' and 'initRandomly', both of which are highlighted with a red box. A brown callout box with the text "Métodos para inicializar simulación" (Methods to initialize simulation) points to these two methods.

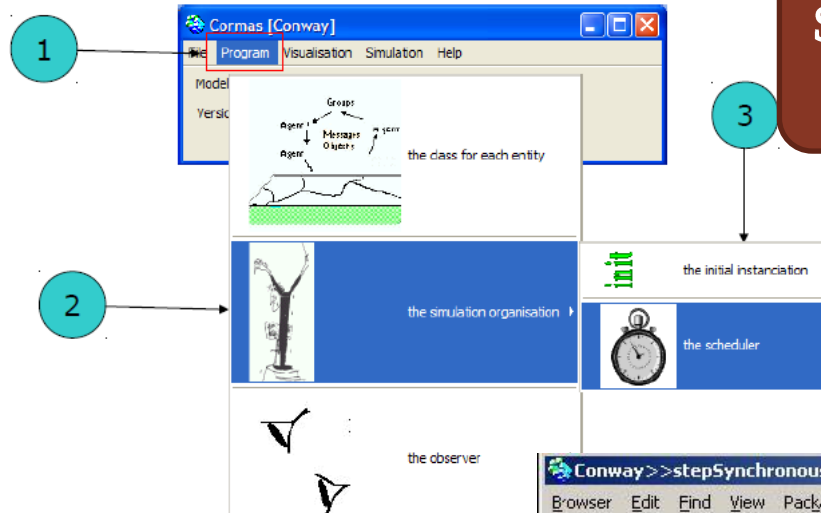
The source code for the 'init' method is shown in the bottom pane:

```
init
self initCells
```

At the bottom of the window, the following information is displayed:

- Method: #init (init)
- Parcel: none
- Package: Conway

GAME OF LIFE EN CORMAS



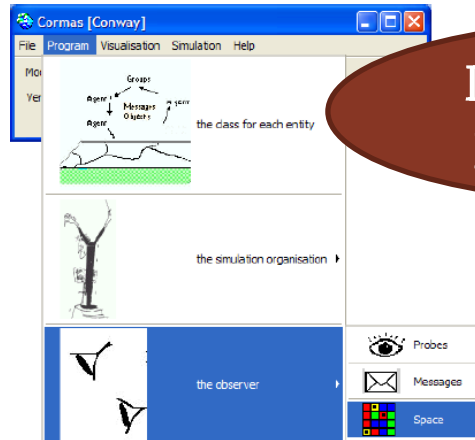
Script para ejecutar simulación

The screenshot shows the **Conway** class in the IDE. The **stepSynchronously** method is highlighted in the **Instance** tab. The method signature is `stepSynchronously: t` and its implementation is `super stepSynchronously: t`. The **Method** tab at the bottom shows `#stepSynchronously: (control)`.

Métodos para programar un escenario



GAME OF LIFE EN CORMAS



Definir formas para observar

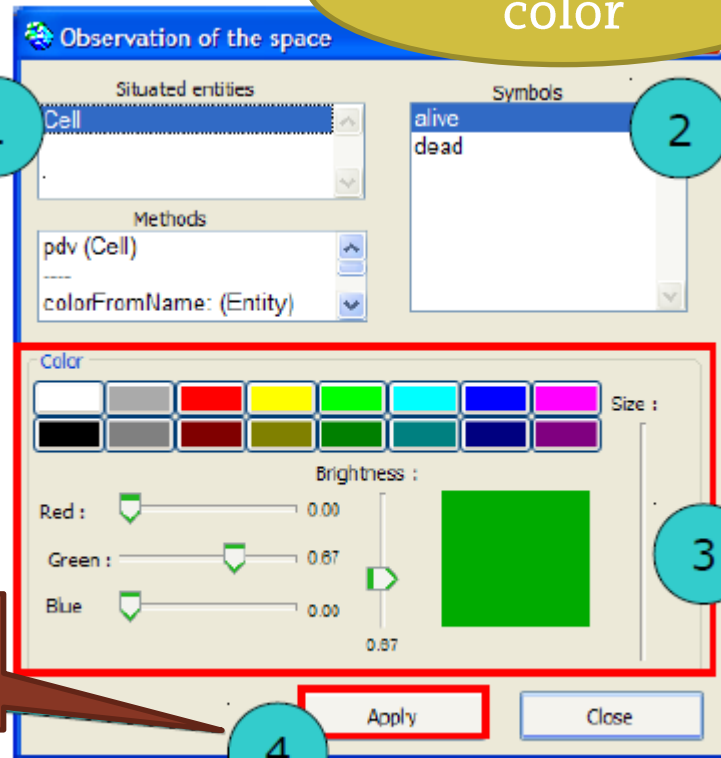
Elegir cell

Guardar

1 estado => 1 color

Seleccionar valor de estado

Selecciona color



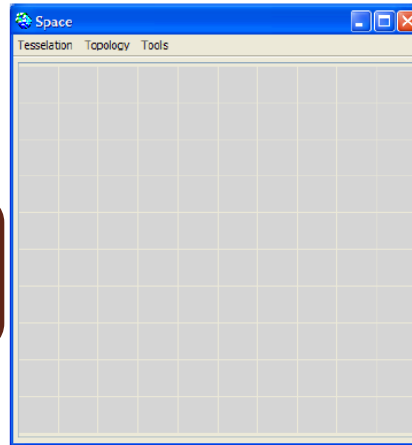
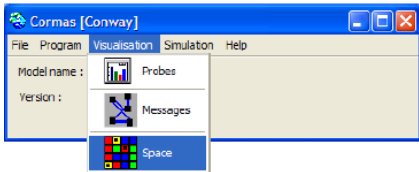
4

3

1

2

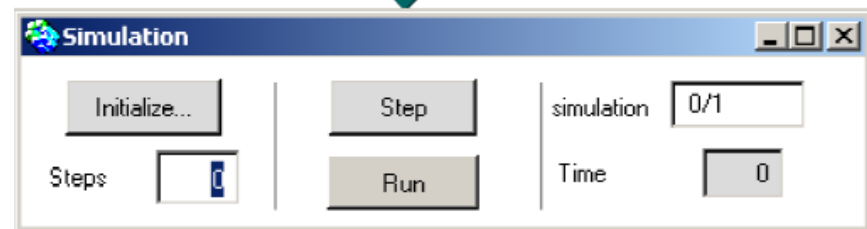
GAME OF LIFE EN CORMAS



Abrir cuadrícula espacial



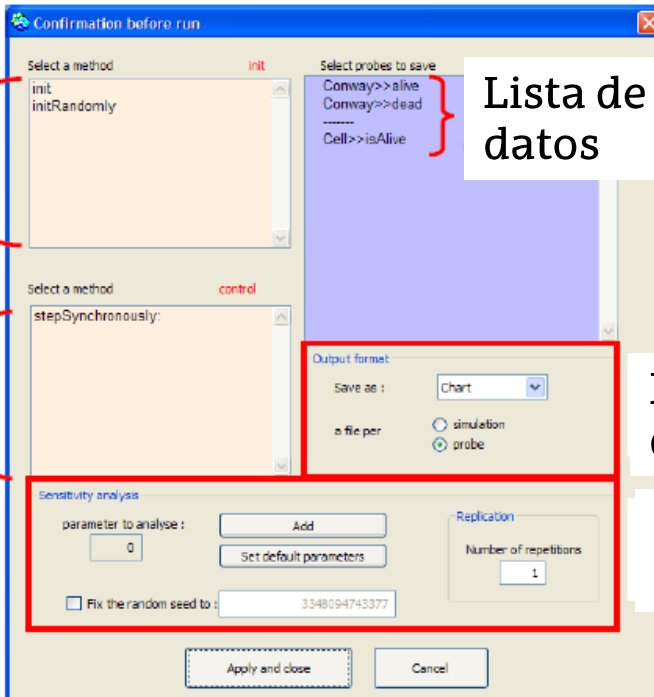
Ejecutar simulación



GAME OF LIFE EN CORMAS

Métodos de init

Métodos de control



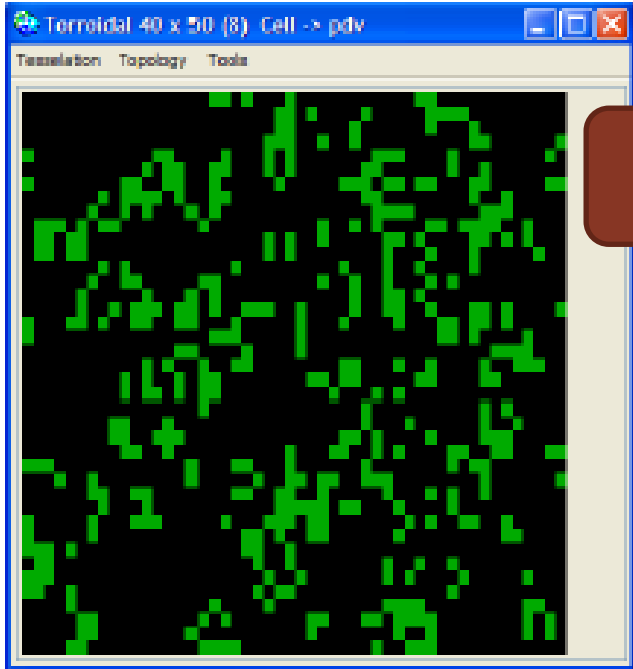
Lista de datos

Formato de datos de salida

Opciones de análisis



GAME OF LIFE EN CROMAS



Activar la observación

